

# Econ 6190 Problem Set 8

Fall 2024

1. [Hansen] A Bernoulli random variable  $X$  is

$$P(X = 0) = 1 - p$$

$$P(X = 1) = p$$

Given a random sample  $\{X_i, i = 1 \dots n\}$  from  $X$ ,

- Find the MLE estimator  $\hat{p}_{MLE}$  for  $p$ .
  - Find the asymptotic distribution of  $\hat{p}_{MLE}$ .
  - Propose an estimator for the asymptotic variance  $V$  of  $\hat{p}_{MLE}$ .
  - Show the variance estimator you proposed in (c) is consistent.
  - Calculate the information for  $p$  by taking the variance of the efficient score.
  - Calculate the information for  $p$  by taking the expectation of (minus) the second derivative. Did you obtain the same answer?
  - Thus find the Cramér-Rao lower bound (CRLB) for  $p$ .
  - Let  $\text{var}(\hat{p}_{MLE})$  be the asymptotic variance of  $\hat{p}_{MLE}$ . Compare  $\text{var}(\hat{p}_{MLE})$  with the CRLB.
  - Propose a Method of Moment Estimator  $\hat{p}_{MME}$  for  $p$ .
2. Suppose  $X$  follows a uniform distribution  $[0, \theta]$  with  $\theta > 0$ . Given a random sample  $\{X_i, i = 1 \dots n\}$  drawn from  $X$ , find the MLE estimator for  $\theta$ .

3. Suppose  $X$  follows a normal distribution with unknown mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2 > 0$ . The density of  $X$  is

$$f(x|\mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right).$$

Given a random sample  $\{X_i, i = 1 \dots n\}$  drawn from  $X$ , find the MLE estimator for  $(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .

4. Based on the notation in the slides on *Estimation*, let us prove the Information Matrix Equality

$$\mathbb{E} \left[ \frac{\partial^2 \log f(X|\theta_0)}{\partial \theta \partial \theta'} \right] = -\mathbb{E} \left[ \frac{\partial \log f(X|\theta_0)}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial \log f(X|\theta_0)}{\partial \theta'} \right].$$

Let  $f = f(x|\theta_0)$ ,  $\nabla_j$  means derivative with respect to the  $j$ -th element  $\theta^{(j)}$ , and  $\nabla_{jk}$  mean 2nd-order derivative with respect to  $\theta^{(j)}$  and  $\theta^{(k)}$ . Suppose we can exchange the integral “ $\int$ ” and derivatives “ $\nabla_j$ ”.

(a) By differentiating  $\int f dx = 1$  with respect to  $\theta^{(j)}$ , show that  $\mathbb{E}[\nabla_j \log f] = 0$ .

(b) By differentiating  $\mathbb{E}[\nabla_j \log f] = 0$  with respect to  $\theta^{(k)}$ , show that

$$\mathbb{E}[\nabla_{jk} \log f] + \mathbb{E}[(\nabla_j \log f)(\nabla_k \log f)] = 0,$$

which yields the Information Matrix Equality.

5. [Hansen 10.16] Let  $g(x)$  be a density function of a random variable with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Let  $X$  be a random variable with density function

$$f(x|\theta) = g(x)(1 + \theta(x - \mu)).$$

Assume  $g(x)$ ,  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  are known. The unknown parameter is  $\theta$ . Assume that  $X$  has bounded support so that  $f(x|\theta) \geq 0$  for all  $x$ .

(a) Verify that  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x|\theta) dx = 1$ .

(b) Calculate  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ .

(c) Find the information  $\mathcal{F}_\theta$  for  $\theta$  when true parameter is  $\theta_0$ . Write your expression as an expectation of some function of  $X$

(d) Find a simplified expression for  $\mathcal{F}_\theta$  when  $\theta_0 = 0$ .

(e) Given a random sample  $\{X_1, \dots, X_n\}$ , write the log-likelihood function for  $\theta$ .

(f) Find the first-order-condition for the MLE  $\hat{\theta}$  for  $\theta_0$ .

(g) Using the known asymptotic distribution for maximum likelihood estimators, find the asymptotic distribution for  $\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta} - \theta_0)$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$

(h) How does the asymptotic distribution simplify when  $\theta_0 = 0$ ?

6. Complete the proof of Cramér-Rao Lower Bound on page 20 of the slides on *Estimation* by showing

$$\text{var} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \log f(\mathbf{X}|\theta_0) \right) = n \mathcal{F}_\theta$$

7. Let  $\hat{F}_n(x)$  denote the empirical distribution function of a random sample. For each fixed  $x$ , show that

$$\sqrt{n}(\hat{F}_n(x) - F(x)) \xrightarrow{d} N(0, F(x)(1 - F(x))),$$

where  $F(x) = P\{X \leq x\}$  is the cdf function evaluated at  $x$ .

8. [Hansen] Let  $X$  follows an exponential distribution with pdf  $f(x) = \theta \exp(-\theta x)$ ,  $x \geq 0$ ,  $\theta > 0$ . The expected value of  $X$  is given by  $\mathbb{E}X = \frac{1}{\theta}$

(a) Find the Cramér-Rao lower bound for  $\theta$ .

(b) Find the Method of Moment Estimator  $\hat{\theta}_{MME}$  for  $\theta$ .

(c) Find the asymptotic distribution of  $\hat{\theta}_{MME}$  by delta method.